

COLUMBUS, June 21.

Three petitions were presented this morning on the subject of Temperance. Very many of our benevolent friends who have an eye directed to the future, seem to think that their children, and their children's children, and posterity generally, are going to be great drunkards, and hence they want a constitutional provision against selling liquor. They may be right, but your humble correspondent has the consolation of knowing that none of his children will ever be drunkards.

The committee of the whole again resumed the consideration of the report of the committee on Public Debts and Public Works, and the 9th section was the subject of discussion till noon.

On yesterday I gave you the 7th section, which provides for raising a sinking fund, with which to pay off our Public debt; and sec. 8 provides that the Auditor and Secretary of State, and Attorney General, shall constitute a Board, to be styled "The commissioners of the sinking fund." Sec. 9, as reported by the committee, then provided that said Board, prior to the first day of June in each year, should determine the per centum of tax on the grand levy necessary to make up said sinking fund.

The discussion was upon a motion of Mr. Achbold to strike out the entire section, for the purpose of inserting one which would give the power of determining the per centum of tax to the legislature, instead of that Board of commissioners. Mr. A. and several other members spoke at length in favor of his motion. They were opposed to leaving so important a matter in the hands of three men, but wanted it left to the Representatives of the people, where it could be attended to with open doors, in a dark corner, where nobody knew anything about the matter but the officers themselves.

Judges Swan and Holt, Stanbery and others, thought the duty of assessing taxes was not a high sovereign power, but a mere arithmetical calculation made in order to ascertain the amount of taxes to be raised, and the Auditor of State or a Board of Commissioners could perform that task as well and as safely as the Legislature. But the section was stricken out, and one substituted leaving the subject with the Legislature.

The report was then gone through without making any other important amendments, when it was laid on the table and the amendments ordered to be printed.

Yours, ZED.

COLUMBUS, June 22.

One petition was presented to the convention this morning asking that capital punishment be abolished, one that banks and paper money be abolished, and two or three praying that a clause be inserted in the constitution to prevent people from drinking whiskey.

The convention went into committee of the whole on the report of the Standing Committee of the public institutions of the State, which was discussed till noon when it was finished, there being only two sections of it.

The report proposed that the Directors of the Penitentiary, and Trustees and other officers of the benevolent institutions should be appointed by the Governor. But that was not progressive enough—it was rather progressing backwards, so the report was amended so as to elect the Directors of the Penitentiary by the people, but leaves the officers of the benevolent institutions to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

A question then arose upon the propriety of admitting negroes into the benevolent institutions, the report being framed so as to admit "all classes." Strange to say, we had not one free-will speech on the subject—Little Jimmy Taylor sat still and looked as "cool as a cucumber." An amendment prevailed to leave the matter to be determined by the legislature.

Mr. Reemelin offered an additional section, that the convicts in the penitentiary, (or their families,) after serving out their time, should receive from the State the net proceeds of their labor during their confinement. The proposition was debated at some length by Messrs. Reemelin, Ranny and Robertson in favor of it, and Judge Hitchcock, Case, of Licking, and Mitchell in opposition.

Mr. Archbold remarked that he thought the speeches of Messrs. Reemelin and Ranny were one step above the sublime, when Mr. Reemelin replied that the speeches in opposition verified the old adage, that there was but one step from the sublime to the ridiculous.

The proposition, however, was lost by a very large vote, after which the convention adjourned till Monday morning. So there was no afternoon session.

Yours, ZED.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The Legislature of New Hampshire is now in session. On Thursday of last week, the votes for Governor were opened and canvassed, when it appears that Samuel Dinwiddie, (dem.) had 30,751 Levi Chamberlaine, (whig) had 18,512 Nath. S. Berry, (f. s.) had 6,472 Scattering, 54 Majority for Dinwiddie over all, 5,713. He was therefore, declared to be duly elected Governor for the ensuing political year.

THE AMERICAN CHANGE AT ROME.—A letter from Italy, in the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser of Saturday, states that Mr. Cass, our Charge at Rome, on paying his congratulatory visit to Pius IX, at the Vatican, did not kneel and kiss the Pope's slipper, as was done by the other foreign ministers. To a remonstrance from his host, he replied that, as a representative of a republican government, he could not kneel to any monarch on earth, and as a Protestant, he certainly could not perform such an act of papacy.

Arrival of the Cambria.

New York, June 22.

Editors Dispatch:

ENGLAND.—One hundred Hungarian refugees have landed at Southampton from Malta. The Count and Countess Deminski were amongst them. It was stated in the Liverpool papers that the Pacific encountered heavy head winds in her passage, and that she proved herself in every respect, a very superior vessel. Passengers speak in the very highest terms of praise. The Bishop of London has made a motion for a new court of appeal in cases of disputed doctrine—this is deemed a very important movement to the Episcopal church.

FRANCE.—The electoral law was passed on the 3rd of May, by 432 to 241. President promulgated the bill as a law of France on Monday. The Journals are urging the President to proceed with vigor in the work of correction. The committee of the Assembly have under consideration the proposition for the removal of the seat of Government from Paris. M. Thiers is said to be laboring to effect a reconciliation between the two branches of the Bourbon family.

In the negotiation of the Greek affair, the following is said to be the understanding agreed to on both sides:—The English Cabinet at the express demand of the French Government, to prove the value which it attaches to the continuance of cordial relations between the two countries, gives full liberty to Greece to claim application of such clauses of the convention of London, as shall appear to her more favorable than the corresponding ones of the treaty of the 27th of April.

The Pope of Rome has published his harangue in explanation of the startling events of his reign, and commenting on the affairs of the Roman Catholic World. He especially stigmatizes the persecution of the Arch Bishop of Turin, by the Piedmontese Government. He expresses his grief that catholicism should be menaced in the kingdom of Belgium. The houses of English residents and others are closely searched for bibles, not even excepting the residence of the British Consul.

PRUSSIA.—The king is rapidly recovering. The contest of the Germans for free trade and unity proceeds with but little prospect of a speedy or successful issue.

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA.

One week later from Europe.

HALIFAX, June 25.

The Niagara arrived at five o'clock this morning, bringing Liverpool dates to the 15th inst. Cotton below fair quality declined one-eighth and five-eighths pence, Sales of the week 35 thousand bales of which speculators took 4 thousand.

Flour dull at 22 a24s. Corn receded 1s to 1s 6d per quarter. Beef quiet. Pork steady. Bacon receded slightly. Lard unchanged. Shoulders are in good demand at slight advance.

The failure of the Cuba expedition has checked the upward tendency in sugar, but there is a good demand at about sixpence decline.

Coffee after reaching 40s has receded and a decline of 3 shillings is necessary to effect sales.

Tobacco is in increased demand at 22s 8d to 23s.

The accounts from the manufacturing districts are still improving and some mills will resume on the 13th. The general and political news possess no new features.

England.

The debates in Parliament present few features of general interest beyond the fact that the Ministers have been again beaten by a majority of 32. The new bill to limit the sale of encumbered estates in Ireland, has been introduced and twice read in the House of Lords. The object of the bill is to exempt from sale estates not mortgaged to a certain amount and fixing the minimum.

France.

In the Assembly the bill for suppressing clubs and political bodies has been voted for another year. The bill for legalizing the transportation of political offenders, was passed entire as the government presented it, excepting the clause that gave it a retrospective effect. The bill granting pensions to the widows of the killed during the affairs of February and June, was rejected by a great majority. The reactionists thus obtained a signal triumph. The bill granting pensions to the deserving of the working classes when infirmities overtake them, was passed in a full House.

Rome.

The last accounts state that the Pope is wholly absorbed in religious ceremonies to the exclusion of all attention to his temporal government. The people are said to evince a very uneasy state of feeling, and nothing but the presence of foreign troops restrain popular demonstration against the government.

Later from California.

New York, June 24.

Our dates from San Francisco are to the 15th of May. The reports from the mining districts, north and south, continue to be of the most favorable nature. The general state of health at the placers was also good.

The fire in San Francisco occurred on the 4th of May. The alarm proceeded from the U. S. House, on Portsmouth square, and by the time the people were out of bed, the flames had spread to the adjoining buildings on either side, destroying the Eldorado and Delmonico's, and soon every house, except two, in the block between Clay, Washington, Kerney and Montgomery streets were destroyed. The fire also extended along Kerney and that portion of Washington street opposite the square and in order to stay its progress every house from Washington to Jackson street was torn down. The block below this towards the Bay, fared but little better, and out of three blocks in the centre of the city, but seven buildings are left standing.

A mass of gold and quartz, weighing 10 lbs. was found near Mariposa, and sold for \$1,000.

Several recent and important discoveries have been made on the Madelmina. Out of one hole there was taken in two days \$4,000 worth of the precious metal. Some large lumps have been found, and

nearly every man is making an ounce a day.

The miners have generally done well, and more gold may be expected the coming six months than there has been received since the commencement.

Chagres and Panama were very healthy.

Notice.

RAN away from the subscriber on the 6th inst., an indentured apprentice by the name of Roxana Loe. This is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on any account. Ports, June 10, 50—103 S. S. FULLER.

BYRNES Dictionary of Mechanics, part II received and for sale by J. STEPHENSON & CO.

To Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Board of Public Works in the city of Columbus, until the hour of 12 o'clock (noon) of Wednesday, the Tenth day of July next, for the construction of the following work, to wit:

Ohio Canal.

For the re-building of Locks No. 51, 52 and 53, near Portsmouth.
For the re-building of Locks No. 27 and 28, south of Licking Summit, near Lockbourne.
For the re-building of the Cranberry Lock east of Newark.

For the re-building of one of the flight of Locks at the junction of the Dresden side cut and the Muskingum river, near Dresden.
For building a Waste Gate, with substantial cut stone abutments, on the south-east embankment of the Licking Summit Reservoir.

Hocking Canal.

For building a substantial Culvert of cut stone Masonry opposite Worthington's Mill, in Hocking county, with the necessary embankment, &c.

Connected with the above jobs will be the embankment and other items incident to such work—and they are of a character worthy the attention of Contractors. It may be determined to re-build Locks No. 51, 52, and 53, near Portsmouth, during the present Fall, which the bidder will consider. This determination, if concluded, will be expressed in the specifications.

The masonry must be of the best class—and the stone of the most approved qualities, and from quarries from which stone has recently been furnished for Locks near Portsmouth, Lockbourne and Dresden—and for the Lock near Newark, to be of stone to be approved by the Engineer—as must the stone in all cases. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Board of Public Works, at Columbus, at any time after the 1st day of July, and information in relation to the work near Portsmouth and near Lockbourne, may be had at any time after the 25th inst., from Wm. McAbey, Esq., Re. Eng. Southern Division Ohio Canal—and from Sam'l G. Foster, Re. Eng. Middle Division Ohio Canal, in relation to the work near Newark, Dresden, Licking Summit Reservoir and Hocking Canal. Bidders unknown to the undersigned, must give satisfactory references.

GEO. W. MANTYENNY, June 7, '50. Act Com., B. P. W.



IN QUART BOTTLES.

For Purifying the Blood, and for the Cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Pimples, Bites, Mercurial Diseases, Cutaneous Eruptions, Liver complaint, Bronchitis, Consumption, Female complaints, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, &c.

THE RECORDS OF MEDICAL SCIENCE, abunding in what are called testimonials to the value and efficacy of different medical agents, scarcely furnish a parallel with the remembrance of the great worth of Sarsaparilla. The remarkable cures of a great variety of diseases effected by its timely administration, furnish conclusive evidence of this fact, and the experience of fourteen years has won for it a deserved popularity that no other preparation ever attained. Its extensive use throughout the world, and the numerous unsolicited testimonials received by the proprietors, stand as beacons and landmarks to the suffering and diseased, holding forth the inviting language of encouragement—do not despair. Thousands and tens of thousands who suffered without hope, groaning day and night under pain and anguish, beyond the power of language to convey, have not only been relieved but permanently cured. It has been approved by the medical faculty, introduced and extensively used in hospitals, under the watchful eye of physicians, with the happiest results. The preparation being entirely vegetable, renders its administration safe to the most enfeebled frame.

The following testimonials are selected from among the multitude of those we are daily receiving, and for further confirmation, the reader is referred to the family recipe and medical almanac, furnished gratuitously by all our agents:

New York, July 27, 1849.

Messrs A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: Words can but feebly express my feelings in conveying the pleasing intelligence that my wife is restored to perfect health by the use of your invaluable Sarsaparilla. She was afflicted with a severe cutaneous disease that covered the whole surface of the body, so that it would have been impossible to touch any part that was free from the humor; the head, face and body were covered with scales like those of a fish; the hair fell out in large quantities, and walking caused the most excruciating agonies, as it affected the joints more severely than any other part. She suffered also a long time from an affection of the liver, connected with general debility, and a prostration of the nervous system. Physicians, both in Europe and America, had exhausted their usual remedies, without effecting a cure, or scarcely affording relief; and the best medical skill was unavailing, until she happily used your sarsaparilla. The disease was pronounced at them, but her whole system internally and externally, was altogether deranged; but so complete has been the cure, after using the sarsaparilla for six weeks, and taking in all less than one dozen bottles, that she now enjoys better health than for years previous to taking the sarsaparilla. My object in making this communication is, that all who have suffered as she has, may know where and to whom to apply for relief, (and that not in vain), as a complete cure will be the result. My wife unites with me in heartfelt thanks; and believe me, gentlemen, yours sincerely,

FERRIER NAZER, 32 Nassau st.

N. B.—For a corroboration of these facts apply to Mr. H. McCune, at Messrs. Bowen & McCune's store, Broadway, N. Y.

City and county of N. Y.—FERRIER NAZER being duly sworn, doth depose and say that the foregoing statement, to which he has subscribed his name, is true and correct, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and that he was subscribed, this 27th day of June, 1849, before me, C. S. WOODHULL, Mayor.

For sale by Shackleford & Crichton, Portsmouth, O. Price \$1 per bottle.

Summer Fashions.

THE subscriber has received her Summer stock of fashionable Bonnets consisting in part of Emb'd Lace, Tulle, Albatross, Zephyr, Cat-tail, Lace, Straw colored Hungarian, Emb'd Ex-color, White Brocade and Pamelis, Fluted Satin, Colored, Queens Own, Milan Chief, White Lace, China Pearl, Florence Braid, Jenny Lind, California and white Chip, Tulip Braid, fine soft English straw, etc., etc. A large variety of Childrens and Misses' clip Hats, Gipsies and Bonnets. A full stock of fashionable Ribbons, trimmings for dresses, thread and Lyle Laces. Ladies' and childrens' Lyle thread Gloves. Fine French Flowers, Sprigs and Roses, together with a good assortment of fancy Millinery which will be sold cheap.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to Altering, Bleaching and Trimming Bonnets.
H. B. CURRIE, northwest corner of 2d and Market sts., opposite Market house. Portsmouth, May 30, '50—1f

NEW FIRM.

BERTRAM & PREDIGAR. HAVING entered into co-partnership in the BOOT and SHOE business, at the establishment formerly occupied by M. Hied, are prepared to sell of their own manufacture for CASH, anything in their line as cheap as it can be purchased west of the mountains. All orders promptly attended to. Work done with neatness and dispatch, and warranted. Give us a call, and encourage your own Mechanics.
Portsmouth, January 28, 1850—43y1

For the Spring Trade.

FULL ASSORTMENT.—Country Merchants and others visiting Portsmouth for their Spring supplies, are invited to call and examine Goods and prices before they purchase. Always on hand, a varied assortment, comprising a more general variety than can be found at any other Wholesale House in the place. Particular attention given to orders.
S. R. ROSS, Portsmouth, April 22, 1850.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy articles, Glass-ware and Window Glass, and every thing belonging to the Drug Business, can always be found Fresh and Genuine in a LARGE STOCK, AT
SHACKLEFORD & CRICHTON'S WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUG STORE,
Sign of the Golden Mortar, No. 56, Commercial Row, Front Street, West, at as low prices as any others in the West.

Particular and personal attention paid to the putting up of Family Medicines, Physicians' bills, Merchants orders, &c.

Pure Wines and Liquors, Selected for Medicinal use, always on hand and in any quantity.

THE highest market price paid for Ginseng, Beechwood, Flaxseed and Rags.

Portsmouth, Dec. 4, 1849—354f.

Furniture Ware-Room.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has opened a Furniture Ware-room, ON THE EAST SIDE OF MARKET STREET ONE DOOR ABOVE DAVIS & SMITH'S, where will be found a large and well assorted stock of

Chairs and Cabinet Work, of every variety of modern style suited to this market, which will be sold as low as can be found in any Establishment in this place. He would call the attention of the public to the fact that, he is manufacturing all kinds of

CHAIR, which he will sell as low as the Cincinnati Chairs, kept in this place.

Warranted of all sizes, constantly on hand. All of which will be warranted good.
W. E. WILLIAMS, Portsmouth, September 25, 1849—25w1f.

TRAI TEAM TEAM

THE finest flavored V. Hyson, Imperial and Gun Powder Teas, in half Chests, Caddies and Canisters, may be found constantly on hand, and for sale lower than ever, in quantities to suit, by
S. R. ROSS, Sept. 4, '49.

MEMPHIS INSTITUTE.

Medical Department.

THE regular course of Lectures in this Institute will commence on the First of November, and continue until the last of February. The Anatomical Department will be opened and ready to receive students by the 1st of October. The Medical Department will be under the direction of the following

PROFESSORS.
Z. FREEMAN, M. D. Professor of Anatomy.
R. S. NEWTON, M. D. Professor of Surgery.
H. E. LIND, M. D. Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.

W. BRAD POWELL, M. D. Professor of Physiology, Pathology, Mineralogy and Geology.
J. KING, M. D. Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Medical Jurisprudence.
J. MILTON ANDERSON, A. M. M. D. Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
J. A. WILSON, M. D. Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

CLINIQUE LECTURES:
Medicine—Prof. H. A. HUCK.
Surgery—Prof. R. NEWTON.
Z. FREEMAN, M. D. Anatomical Demonstrator.

The fees for a full course of Lectures amount to \$105. Each Professor's Ticket \$15. Matriculation, \$5.—Demonstrator's Fee, \$10. Graduation, \$20.

Those desiring further information will please address their letters (post paid) to the Dean, and students arriving in the city will please call on him at the Commercial Hotel.

R. S. NEWTON, M. D., Dean of the Faculty, Law Department.

Hon. E. W. M. KING, Professor of Theory and Practice of Law.
JOHN DELAFIELD, Esq., Professor of Commercial Jurisprudence.

Terms—\$50 per session. All communications pertaining to this department must be addressed to
E. W. M. KING, Esq., Memphis, Tenn., March, 1850.

(C) The Faculty, for intellectual abilities, moral worth and professional acquirements, will compare favorably with the most distinguished in our country.—The Medical Faculty constitutes an anomaly in this or any other country—all of them are able lecturers and the best of teachers.

Those who will contemplate our geographical position and the state of our population, can have no doubt as to the eligibility of our situation for an enterprise of the kind. As to health, including all seasons of the year, we deny that ANY OTHER CITY HAS MORE.

A common error exists in the minds of many students relative to the place of studying medicine: those who intend practicing among the diseases of the west and south should certainly educate themselves at a school where Faculty are practically acquainted with those diseases.

That the public may be satisfied of the permanency of this school, we feel it our duty to state, that the Trustees and Faculty form a unit in action; which augurs well for its future success, and that the peculiar internal organization which connects them, cannot be interrupted.

E. W. M. KING, President of the Memphis Institute. April 1, 1850—52w1f.

MARNE'S HOTEL.

ON SECOND STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND COURT. One square from the Steamboat Landing, Portsmouth, O.

The subscriber respectfully informs her friends and the public generally, that she will continue in the above named, well known House of Entertainment

heretofore kept by her late husband, Thomas Carey, where she will be happy to wait upon all who may favor her with their patronage. The house was not long since enlarged and furnished in a style to make every guest comfortable. The table will at all times be well supplied with the best that the market affords; and the bedding will be clean and neat.

A commodious Stable, Carriage house and Wagon yard adjoins the house, in charge of a careful Hostler, where single horses or teams will be well attended and supplied with a abundance of the best Hay and Grain. In short, the subscriber intends that her house shall be a comfortable home for her guests. The charges as heretofore will be reasonable.

The Coaches for the North and East pass the house daily, morning and evening.

ANN CONEY, Portsmouth, October 23, 1849—39y1.

NEW BOOK STORE!

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of this place and surrounding country, that they have opened in McDowell's block, corner of Front and Market streets, a large and general assortment of BOOKS and STATIONERY, consisting of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical and School Books.

In connection with this establishment, they have an extensive BINDERY, where all kinds of BLANK BOOKS of a superior quality will be made to order, of any pattern, and on the shortest notice.

Fully determined to supply every thing that the wants of the community may require, they hope by strict attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

J. STEPHENSON & Co. Booksellers, &c., Portsmouth, O.

Furs! Furs!!

THE undersigned will pay the highest Cash price for FURS of every description.
D. WOLFARD, December 10, 1849—1f.

A CARD.

MILLER & ELSAS, Drapers and Tailors, No. 1, Corner of Front and Jefferson Streets.

Grateful for past favors, would suggest to their old and numerous customers, that their stock of Cloths is as usual, complete. They have, in addition, all kinds of Cassimeres, Vestings, Cravats, black, striped and changeable Pocket kerchiefs, Shirts, Gloves, Suspenders, &c. Gentlemen in want of a fine suit of clothes may rely upon having them "done up brown," as we flatter ourselves we cannot be beat in cutting or making up coats, pants and vests. Suffice it to say, gentlemen, give us a call and we will satisfy you that what we say is no humbug.

We have also lots of Winter clothing which we are determined to close out at reduced rates. COME ONE, COME ALL.

N. B.—To those who are in arrears we would suggest the speedy adjustment of their bills, as our term of partnership expires shortly, which makes it indispensable that our accounts be settled up.
MILLER & ELSAS, Portsmouth, January 7, 1850—40f.

Great Bargains in Real Estate.

THE subscriber offers for sale all that property situated on Front Street in Portsmouth, formerly known as the "American Hotel," and now as the "Franklin." Also, the whole of In-lot No. 176, lying immediately in the rear and adjoining said Hotel property, and fronting on second Street. The buildings and other improvements situated on said premises, are designed and adapted for Hotel purposes, but by division, the same can be used for three or more business houses, and private residences. The property will be sold in a body, or in parcels to suit purchasers. The title is good, and the terms of sale will be reasonable and easy. Apply to the subscriber, or O. F. MOORE, at Portsmouth. CORNELIUS M'COY, March 25, 1850—51f.

BACON.—10 hds bacon, sides, shoulders and hams, just from smoke, for sale by

S. R. ROSS, May 6, 1850.

POWDER.

Kentucky Rifle Powder Made at Euclid, Connecticut, and put up in whole, half or quarter Kegs, for sale at lowest rates. Also, Blasting and Cannon Powder, always on hand. Orders filled in ten minutes time by calling on
S. R. ROSS, Agent Hazard Company, Portsmouth, Nov. 14, 1848—31

Extensive Supply of

GROCERIES

WE have just received
25 Hbds. Sugar, 150 Bags Coffee,
100 Hbds. Molasses, 10 Hf. C. Tea,
50 Boxes Tobacco, 5 Tierces Rice,
50 Boxes Candles, 100 Reams Wrapping Paper,
20 Boxes Soap, 10 Bales Butting Soap,
10 Kegs T. Tobacco, 5 Boxes/Catline Soap,
10,000 Hf. Span. Cigars, 10 do ground Pepper,
10 Boxes Cr. Cinnamon 10 do do Pimento,
10 bbls Salsaparilla, 1 Cask Madder,
30 bbls E. Y. Cement, 2 Cereous Indigo,
1,000 the Colton Yarns, (assorted),
10 Cables Imp. and Y. H. Tw.,
10 bbls Louisville Lime, etc., etc.

all of which they offer for sale on the lowest terms.

Country Merchants and others will do well to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, as we are well assured our goods and prices will well compare with those of any other house in the place.

DAVIS, SMITH & Co. Market Street. Portsmouth, October 23, 1849—29w1f.

J. V. ROBINSON & SON,

Wholesale Dealers in DRY GOODS. No. 54, Front Street, PORTSMOUTH OHIO.

J. V. R. & SON, are now receiving

their SPRING STOCK.

Merchants are solicited to examine their assortment, which for QUANTITY, QUALITY and VARIETY is unsurpassed. What they say they will not say it down and they pledge themselves to prices uniformly LOWER than any other House in the West.

March 11, 1850—49w3

Edward McKlin's Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed and qualified as administrator on the estate of Edward McKlin, late of Cuyahoga county, deceased.

His 27th day of May, 1850.—844 MARGARET McKLIN.

History of Pendennis, No. A.

HIS Fortunes and Misfortunes, his friends and his greatest enemy. Just rec'd and for sale by J. STEPHENSON & Co. April 9, '50.

THE INQUIRER.

Is published every Tuesday morning. CLEVELAND & PEARCE, Proprietors.

TERMS:—Single copy, \$150, per annum in advance or within four months; \$2.00 after four months and within the year; and \$2.50 after the expiration of the year. Ten copies or more to one direction will be furnished at \$1.00 per copy in advance. No paper discontinued except at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISING. One square (300 m's) 1 insertion 60 do do do 3 do 1.00 Each subsequent insertion 25 One square 2 months 5.00 do do 12 do 8.00

Larger advertisements at reduced rates. (C) No chants and